

# The Mountain Eagle.

Independent--Screams For All!

Volume Eleven

Whitesburg, Letcher County, Kentucky, Nov. 21, 1918.

Number 46

No. 10062.  
Report of Condition of the

## First National Bank

At Jenkins, in the State of Kentucky, at the close of business on November 1st 1918.

### RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$194,352.65
Total Loans	\$194,352.65
Notes and bills rediscounted	\$194,352.65
Overdrafts, secured, unsecured	\$64.37
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	25,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged as collateral for State or other deposits or bill payable	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and pledged	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	10,000.00
Premium on U. S. bonds	35,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, unpledged, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2 per cent	100.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2 per cent	
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2 per cent, pledged to secure postal savings deposits	10,000.00
Payments actually made on Liberty 3 1/2, 4 and per cent Bonds	10,100.00
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to, secure postal savings deposits	10,007.00
Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State, or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable	50,000.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	114,606.96
Total bonds, securities etc.	174,613.96
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	3,000.00
Furniture and fixtures	2,400.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	27,642.02
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	112,839.95
Net amt. due from banks and bankers, and trust companies other than included in items 13, 14 and 15	4,795.58
Total of items 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18	117,635.53
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	1,250.00
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	1,223.53
Other assets, if any Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds due from Federal Reserve Bank	20,820.00
TOTAL	\$588,102.06

### LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$75,000.00
Surplus fund	25,000.00
Undivided profits	\$12,355.03
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	8,780.14
Circulating notes outstanding	25,000.00
Net amounts due to banks and bankers (other than included in items 31 or 32)	29.44
Total of items 32 and 33	29.44
Individual deposits subject to check	318,002.42
Certified checks	5.50
Dividends unpaid	40.00
Total demand deposits	\$318,047.92
Certificates of deposit	13,850.00
Postal savings deposits	14,632.95
Other time deposits	41,031.61
Total of time deposits	\$69,514.56
War loan deposit account	20,820.00
U. S. bonds borrowed without furnishing collateral security for same	23,500.00
U. S. bonds borrowed for which collateral security was furnished	23,500.00
Liabilities other than those above stated Fourth Liberty Loan bonds due subscribers	22,410.00
TOTAL	\$588,102.06

STATE OF KENTUCKY, COUNTY OF LETCHER, ss:

I, E. L. Walters, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. L. WALTERS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th, day of November 1918.

W. H. MAY, Notary Public.

Correct--Attest: J. C. Hunsaker, Garner Fletcher,

W. L. Gambill Directors.

## A Tripple Burying

On Cumberland last Sunday three persons were interred at the same grave yard, all of whom were victims of Influenza. Pneumonia, however, brought on their deaths. John D. Smith, a married man and a son of Floyd Smith, had been ill for more than ten days and passed away Saturday. One of the other victims was a daughter of Wilse Sturgill (Hauley) and was about sixteen, the other was a daughter of David Boggs and was also a young woman. We offer sympathies to these good people in their awful distress.

Quite a number of other cases of Influenza are reported in that section of the county.

## Kindly Help Us

Now that the war is over we are very anxious to have the name of every Letcher county boy now in France on our Honor Roll. The time will come when the list will be framed and hung in every home in the county. A hundred years from now the list will be a very precious keepsake. When we conclude that it contains all the names we can get it will them be dropped from the paper.

## Killed In Action

The above words coming from the War Department convey a sad truth to the many loyal friends of Young Patrick H. Hall, formerly one of Whitesburg's best and most popular young men. News of his death at the battle front reached here Monday night. The telegram stated that Young Pat was killed on October 12th exactly one month before the armistice was signed and the fighting ceased.

Soon after war was declared Patrick Hall flushed with ambition and strong in intellect and manhood immediately volunteered for service and was for several months stationed up East. About six months ago he went with his regiment to France and was among the first to reach the firing line. Pat had been in the hottest of the fighting several times and no doubt lost his life as the brave and dauntless young man he was. The Eagle greatly regrets the report of his death and joins his host of friends and relatives here in mourning his loss. He was the oldest son of Ex-Jailer Will Hall and was one of Letcher county's best educated young men.

## Keep This Eagle

This is the issue of the Eagle that announces for certain the close of the greatest war the world has ever known. Your grand-children will want to know about it and to read about it in a home-made newspaper may be of great interest to them. You should particularly keep this issue for them and for the years to come.

The Eagle \$1.00 a year.

## Monday Locals

The little five year old daughter of Sheriff Tolliver is said to have a second attack of influ. She is very ill.

The family of Paul Ranerio, including Mr. Ranerio himself, is seriously ill at their home on College Hill.

Reports from the War Department reached here that Elijah B. Dixon, of Indian Bottom, was killed in action in France October 18 h.

In the struggles and tussles and deaths with flu Whitesburg boasts of at least one brave soldier--Bill Williams. There are others but Bill has been faithful to all trusts.

Since our last issue we have learned of the death of Jos. S. Adams' little eight year old daughter and that of Tom Craft also lost a little child from flu. We offer sympathies

Henry C. Boggs, now of Dooley, Va.; W. M. Morgan, of Sabol, Okla.; J. P. Dixon, of London and Mrs. J. Wash Adams, of Blackey are among the latest to favor us with subscriptions.

Billie Williams, employed in the freight department at the depot here is reported sick with influ at his home on Solomon. Like ourselves he has been puning about for several days.

Friday Karl E. Davis, the big wheel on the East Kentucky News surrendered to Flu and has been confined to his room ever since. This morning he is resting nicely with prospects good for recovery at once.

For reasons best known to others the emergency hospital closed out here, the doctor and nurses all having left on short notice. The local authorities will endeavor to cope with the situation arising on account of flu.

The editor of this paper is very thankful--thankful in many ways. He mentions only one. For nearly ten years there has scarcely been a day when he could not get out and do active work. Again we are thankful.

Last week the statement of the First National Bank was given to our readers through the Eagle. This week will be found the statement of the First National Bank of Jenkins. These are two of our county's strong institutions.

The Sunday papers indicate that our soldier boys in the camps in the States will be coming home in a week or ten days. We must get ready to give them royal welcomes. Also the boys will be coming in from the torn battle fields of France. Not soon of course, but in a few more months.

## OUR HEROES.

These made the Supreme Sacrifice:

Douglas Day  
Emory Igo  
Bradley Burkhardt  
Patrick H. Hall  
Clell Anderson  
Elijah B. Dixon  
John Richardson  
Geo. W. McKnight

Killed in Action  
" " "  
" " "  
" " "  
" " "  
" " "  
Died in France  
" " "

On Fames Eternal Camping Ground Their Silent Tents Are Spread.

They Died The Noblest Of All Deaths---In Defense of their Country.

In the list of twenty-eight Kentucky soldiers held as prisoners of war in German prisons we were glad to see the name of our little Letcher boy Guy Crawford. We have trusted all the time that Guy would be blessed to come home to his precious father and mother and friends. Now that he is released we hope he will be home soon.

In a personal correspondence to ye editor Will Morgan, of Oklahoma says: "With the war won and the bloody carnage all over I am proud to say that my two sons are still alive on the desolate fields of France." How full of joy all such parents must be? And yet there are those who claim that no matter what else happened our boys ought to have waded on through blood and death into Berlin.

All of last week your humble news recorder gave fight along the battle line of flu. He knew that few had been able to withstand his assaults without surrendering but energy being about the only stock in hand and the only method of defense he had made up his mind to surrender only when the last defenses were taken. Friday evening these all gave way from a strong assault and the bringing up of fresh reserves and into submission he went. About the same time Mrs. Webb gave up to and at the time this is written Mr. Flu has us under his dominion. The writer is coming out nicely but Mrs. Webb is very poorly. There are very few people who are strangers to Flu. It cuts the morale down to the lowest ebb and leaves the victim subject to all kinds of complications.

All animals get life from the air. Impure air is that which is not circulating. Impure air contains the very germs of death. To sleep in a room with closed windows and doors is one of the most disastrous performances that any person can do. The lungs are so constructed that they can live on one food only

and that food is oxygen. It is through the lungs that this great gift of God is distributed through the body. Without it there could be no red lips, bright eyes and blooming cheeks. Houses are made to live in but should never be used for "shut ins." Tuberculosis, typhoid, influenza and a number of other diseases were strangers to our fathers. The reason is that they spent three-fourths of their time in the open air out on the hill-sides, rambling through the woods, battling with oxygen and ozone. They were strong as tigers and athletic as gazelles. They lived long and happy in the land. In this day when pure air is so much in demand, when it is so important to health and life let my readers hoist high the windows if they have them, open wide the doors and let the oxygen come dashing in. It is as necessary to life--it is life itself.

## Wednesday Locals

Young Junior Davis, son of Mr. and Mrs. Karl E. is, sick with flu.

Three or four deaths on Thornton and neighborhood are reported this week.

John D. W. Collins, for some time employed at Stithton, arrived home a few days ago.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Shea are visiting relatives at Richmond and other points up the State.

Day by day the terms of the Armistice become more effective by putting the terms into force. Already the Allies have moved into German territory and took possession of several strongly fortified cities and large guns, ships and so forth have been handed over. The draft boards here and all over the Country have been ordered to wind up what is yet unfinished and forward to headquarters for filing. Truly the war is over.

# The Mountain Eagle

An Independent Weekly Newspaper

Stands Dedicated to the Interests of Letcher County First and to the Entire Mountains Afterward.

Issued Every Thursday by  
The Mountain Eagle Publishing Company

(Incorporated)

N. M. WEBB, Manager

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE - ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Entered as second-class matter August 28, 1907, at the Postoffice at Whitesburg, Kentucky, under the Act of Congress of August 9, 1873.

## Wednesday Locals

James Mullins, reported very ill in our last issue, is still very low, but has good prospects now for recovery.

0 0

It is an awkward situation when an editor tries to write the news from a sick bed or from his room when he is not allowed to stick his nose out.

Our readers will be willing to excuse the poor effort and the news features of the Eagle this week. The editor is confined to his home and Bradley is the only pebble on the beach.

0 0

Mrs. Stephen Combs is confined to her room this week. The newly born baby of these fond parents passed away first of the week.

0 0

Paul Raniero, reported very ill first of the week, is now getting along nicely.

0 0

The Postoffices at Dongola, Hillard and Baker have been discontinued.

0 0

From Creation to the present history has recorded no battles to equal or compare with those waged along the firing lines on the battle-fronts of Europe during October and till the fighting ended on November eleventh. It will be some days yet before we know just how awful the American casualty list is.

0 0

A young son of Jas. E. Day (John L's son) died on Big Cowan a few days ago. Mr. Day's whole family is down and in a dangerous condition.

0 0

Mrs. Arthur J. Lindeman, a very excellent lady who has made her home here and at Caudill for a year or more died of pneumonia at Caudill Tuesday night. Her husband is very low and is not expected to live. William Maggard, of the same place, was reported seriously ill Tuesday evening. The Influenza situation at Caudill is regarded as still very serious.

0 0

President Wilson will attend the Peace Congress to be held some time in December. The meeting will likely be held in Paris and it will be the first time a President while in office has ventured into foreign lands. He is regarded as the greatest champion of world democracy and his presence around the peace table is very important. It is likely that he will be absent from this Country a month or more.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years  
Always bears the  
Signature of

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore required constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### Mabel's Odd Request.

One morning Mabel's mother gave her a bunch of grapes; when she got through eating them, she gave the stem back, saying: "Mother, put some more on here."

### Weeping and Rejoicing.

Weep with them that weep, and for them also that weep not for themselves. Rejoice with them that rejoice, and likewise rejoice for them that rejoice not for themselves when there is much to make them rejoice.

### Eliminates Headlight Glare.

A novel device to eliminate the glare of automobile headlights covers the front of the electric bulb and diverts the rays of the lower half so they are added to the light thrown by the upper half of the reflector.

### All "Dolled Up."

Nan gazed with adoring eyes on her uncle when he appeared ready to go to a formal dance. After giving him the "once over" the braid on his trousers attracted her attention and she exclaimed: "Why, he even has 'broidery on his pants.'"

### A Dutchman's Capture.

During the Revolutionary war a Dutchman was running from the English. In crossing a field he stepped upon a rake, the handle flew up and hit him in the back of the head. Without looking around, he dropped to his knees and said, "I kivs up, I kivs up, mynheer soldiersmans. Hoaray for King Shorge!"

### Thought Something Missing.

Marion's grandfather was Scotch and a musician. Consequently he was delighted to entertain a gifted professional countryman, who was to appear at a theater. After dinner, when the guest had donned his kilt and was waiting for the car to take him to the theater, the children were admitted to the living room. Marion eyed the celebrity in wonder and awe, finally walking up to him, and as she touched his bare knee in amazement inquired, "Where your pants?"

## Profit By This

Don't Waste Another Day.

When you are worried by backache;

By lameness and urinary disorders—

Don't experiment with an untried medicine.

Do as thousands of peoples are doing.

Use Doan's Kidney Pills.

Read this Paintsville resident's experience:

"Mrs. R. A. Patrick, Second & West Sts., Paintsville, Ky., says: 'I have used Doan's Kidney Pills on several occasions in the past. This medicine has greatly benefitted me whenever my kidneys have been acting irregularly or when my back has been weak and lame. I have always found a box or two sufficient to cure the attack.'"

60c. at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

## OUR HONOR ROLL

The following Letcher County boys are "Over There" in France ready to give their lives for their Country:

John Niece	E. W. Huff	Walter Boggs
Emory Webb	Vincent Sergeant	Willie Scott
J. B. Turner	Dock B. Franklin	Geo. Ison (Bona's)
Eli Day	Squire Eldridge	Engene Ison
Troy Frazier	Elijah B. Dixon	Patrick Hall
Henry Maggard	Guy Crawford	Fitch Dixon
William Henry Dixon	Mat Caudill	David D. Caudill
William and Leo Morgan	Andrew Frazier	
Hon. Role	Charlie Adams	Wm. Caudill
Bennie Adams	Alvery Caudill	Jessie Adams
Manday Caudill	Ben Fields	McLin Cornett
Demmer Richmond	George Collins	Wesley Collins
John Combs	Ike B. Combs	Marion Stamper
Robert Collins	Henry Williams	Jack Webb
Bradley Banks	S. B. Branton	Emry Igo
Dr. John M. Bentley	Herman Crase	Millard Crase
Jas. M. Hampton	Dan Frazier	Henry Holbrook
Edward Combs	Chester Cornett	Willie Maggard
David Stidham	Elijah Gibson	John Richardson
Bud Sexton	Jake Kincer	Geo. Holbrook, Jr
Ernest Blair	Leonard Lewis	Charlie Blair
John H. Smith	John Profit	Willie Collier
Frank Wright	Roy Venters	Ed. Johnson
John A. Mullins	John H. Polly	John M. Cook
Frank Gaudill	W. L. Sumpter	Charlie Ingram
Dennis Tolliver	Moses Adams	Loren Bentley
James Back	Roscoe Webb	Ben R. Kincer
John and Grant Adams (Col.)	William Whitaker	
Harvey Back	Walter Banks	Nauda Cornett
Johny Frazier	Tandy Combs	J. W. Wright
Frank Brown	Harrison Salvors	Stephen Polly
Clabe Adams	Morris Holbrook	Fred Adkins
Capt. Geo. W. Jenkins	Lieut. Townsel Adams	
Boyd Boggs	W. S. Potter	J. H. Hogg
Leroy Cox	Henry Holcomb	Will Holcomb
Blackburn Hogg	Monroe Sexton	Matt Caudill
Henry Farler	Green Hogg	Critt Webb
Wiley J. Adams	J. Bradley Franklin	
Melvin Cornett	J. D. Maggard	John S. Holcomb
Robert Branson	Harrison Collins	Willie Collins
John Maggard	Ballard Collins	Frank Cornett
Denver Ison	Fred Frazier	

There are no doubt others but we have not their names. We propose to keep this list running in the Eagle from week to week and shall be glad to have the name of every one "Over There" to add to our list. If you know of one or many please tell us or send in their names.

## FOR SALE

### The Universal Car Ford

Automobile Tires, United  
States, Republics and  
Goodyears

FORD parts and all other  
Accessories, Willard  
Storage Batteries

For all the above and at  
BEST PRICES.

Apply to

THE JENKINS MOTOR CO.

Jenkins, Ky.

## THE SECOND LINE OF DEFENSE

From the Mississippi valley to the flaming front in Flanders is not as far today as the distance from Paris to Berlin. The Atlantic ocean is not as wide as the River Somme. The girl in the munition factory in the middle West is very close to her brother in the front-line trenches. If her work falters, if one untrue torpedo passes the careful scrutiny of the Inspector, the lives of American soldiers pay the price.

It is as necessary to keep the girl who makes the shells physically fit and high of courage as the man who fires the gun.

The glory and excitement of war are for the man in khaki. (Singing, monotonous labor far away from the flying flags and martial music is the portion of the girl who makes munitions.

One and a half million women and girls have marched into the service of the United States government, to take the places of the men who have been called to the colors. With every draft and with the opening of every munition cantonment the number is multiplied. These girls work long hours and the work is hard and monotonous. Furthermore, they work at high nervous tension. On the skill of their fingers and the accuracy of their eyes depends the lives of many soldiers, the winning or losing of many battles.

"I can't sleep at night because I'm so afraid I may have passed on something that was not quite true," said one young girl not yet in her twenties, who inspected hundreds of torpedoes every day.

Unless something can make this girl forget at night, and find some rest, her hand will lose its cunning.

"Nights and Sundays," said another, "I walk and walk, and I never go the same route twice until I have worn out all the others, and yet I can't forget that perhaps some time, somehow, during the day something may have gone through that was not quite right."

"I was just on the edge of going back home," said another. "I couldn't stand it. Then the recreation leader asked me if I played basket ball, and I told her I was too old. I'm twenty-eight. She insisted that I just try throwing the ball, and now I'm captain of the basket ball team. I play tennis, and can 'set up' and 'wig-wag,' and they're going to make me forewoman of the room. That would have frightened me to death once. But everything is different now, that we have our War Service club."

The war department had seen the need of occupations for out-of-work hours if the employees were to work at their greatest efficiency, and through the ordinance department asked the Young Women's Christian Association for recreation leaders, to line up the girls and direct their free-time pleasures.

The government reminded the Y. W. C. A. that as an organization it always had had an interest in the right housing of girls, in the right feeding of girls, and in the right education of girls, and that the intelligent care of these girls in the munitions factories was one of the essentials in the winning of the war. The government could house and feed them. It could put up recreation buildings, but when this was done it was as helpless as the father of a motherless girl. The government is a composite man. He didn't know what a girl should do when the six o'clock factory whistle blew. He only knew she needed looking after and he called to the one woman's organization that for half a century had made a study of the needs of girls. Vaguely, he had an idea that she should be encouraged to play, that she needed wholesome recreation, and some one, wise and sympathetic as a careful mother, to guide her social activities.

The Blue Triangle sent its play lady to salute and go to work. Workers are asked for in recreation buildings of all the 22 federal industrial reservations or munition cantonments which have been opened this summer in several of the states. These reservations sprung up out of the very fields in a few weeks. They are employing thousands of workers. Many of these women have come from far distant homes. The government provided dormitories and mess barracks. In some places it is putting up recreation buildings. Where such a building is not provided by the government, the Y. W. C. A. will furnish it, using one already standing when available, and building when that is necessary. All these buildings, whether government or association-owned, will operate under the sign of the Blue Triangle. They will have big living rooms, assembly rooms for entertainments, club rooms, and gymnasiums. The Blue Triangle will furnish a program of service work, educational classes, games and entertainments. Military and signal corps drills will be in charge of soldiers.

In Washington, the members of the Business Women's council, a Blue Triangle league of the Y. W. C. A., made up of girl government employees, drill twice a week under an army officer, and between five and six o'clock on these days long lines of motorcars are parked to watch the drill.

Wherever possible the recreation equipment includes a field somewhere for outdoor sports.

War clubs are a part of the plan and membership in these involves a pledge to serve to the best of the girl's ability in the ranks of the Woman's Industrial Arms—the "second line of defense," and a promise of loyalty by promoting in every possible way the spirit of service.

## Are You Equipped to Win Success?

Here is your opportunity to insure against embarrassing errors in spelling, pronunciation and poor choice of words. Know the meaning of puzzling war terms. Increase your efficiency, which results in power and success.

## WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL

DICTIONARY is an all-knowing teacher, a universal question answerer, made to meet your needs. It is in daily use by hundreds of thousands of successful men and women the world over. 463,000 Words, 2,900 Pages, 6,000 Illustrations, 12,000 Etymological Entries, 30,000 Geographical Subjects. GRAND PRIZE, (Highest Award) Panama-Pacific Exposition. REGULAR and EXTRA EDITIONS. WRITE for Specimen Pages. FREE Pocket Maps if you name this paper. G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.



### Nativity of Peach Tree.

The peach tree is a native of Persia and China. It was brought to Italy by the Romans in the time of the Emperor Claudius, was cultivated in Europe as early as 1550 and brought to America about 1680. Its name is derived from Persico, its native country. The ancients regarded it with distrust, as according to Pliny they supposed the king of Persia had sent it into Egypt to poison the inhabitants with whom he was at war. The Chinese have traditions of a peach tree of knowledge and another of immortality.

### Gasoline Money Now.

We can remember the time when a man used to have to run back to the house to borrow car fare from his wife now and then. Nowadays he touches her for gasoline money.—Exchange.

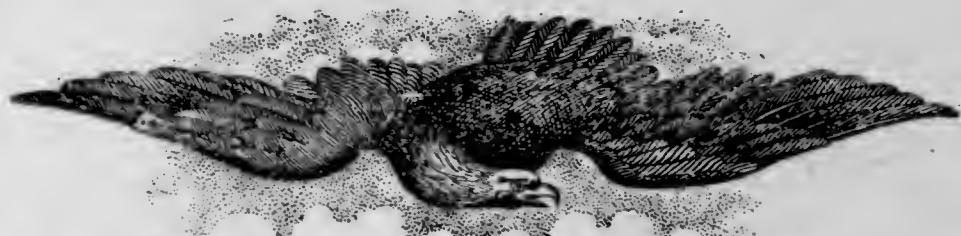
### Kindliness Necessary.

We can dispense with a great many qualities in the people we love. It is not necessary for them to be brilliant or wise or witty or rich or beautiful. But we cannot imagine loving anyone who is incapable of kindness. That is the characteristic we cannot do without.—Exchange.

The  
Mountain  
EAGLE

\$1<sup>00</sup>  
A YEAR

Subscribe  
NOW



# THE MOUNTAIN EAGLE

THE YEAR  
FINE JOB PRINTING

## Is Your Money Supporting the Government?

At this critical period in our history our manufacturers are offering their mills, and our young men are offering their services to the United States Government.

Would you like to do your share and help by putting your money where it will support the new Federal Reserve Banking System, which the Government has established to stand back of our commerce, industry and agriculture?

You can do this by opening an account with us, as part of every dollar so deposited goes directly into the new system, where it will always be ready for you when wanted.



**First National Bank**  
Whitesburg, Ky.

Send for booklet, "How does it Benefit Me"

## JENKINS JEWELRY AND REPAIR SHOP

C. J. SHORT, Propr.  
Jenkins, Kentucky.

First class work, as good as city work. No fall down on anything. Bring your time-pieces to me. Every job guaranteed. Mail orders Promptly filled.

## B. & O. WATCH INSPECTOR.

### WE BUY OLD FALSE TEETH

We pay from \$2.00 to \$35.00 per set (broken or not). We also pay actual value for Diamonds, old Gold, Silver and Bridge-work. Send at once by parcel post and receive cash by return mail.

MAZER'S TOOTH SPECIALITY  
207 N. 2007 So. 5th St. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

### INSURANCE

Life, Accident and Fire  
Very Best Concerns  
Call or write  
I. D. HALL Whitesburg, Ky.

**Chauffeur's Prayer.**  
Sick Chauffeur (to chauffeur friend)  
—Say, Bill, if I should die hire an auto hearse. And, Bill, I want you to drive it. And, old pard, on the way run it into a tree or something. I'd like to go in a manner fitting my position in life."

**Big Sunflowers.**  
Giant sunflowers that grew in a garden at Llandaff, Wales, were raised from a seed brought from Australia, and one reached the extraordinary height of 12 feet. It held only one bloom, which was 16 inches in diameter. The giant entirely dwarfed its English cousins close by.

JOHN WHITE & CO.  
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Liberal assortment and full value paid for raw FURS  
Hides and Best Skins



**Ivory Billiard Balls.**  
The tusks of the cow elephant have been found best adapted to the making of billiard balls. The tusk of the female is not so curved as that of the male, and the fine nerve passage is not so clearly seen.

**Demand Attention.**  
Irene's mother was ill, and sympathizing visitors sat at her bedside, directing all their attention to the invalid. The little girl stood by quietly for a while, till she could bear the neglect no longer. Holding up her hand, she began looking for some injury, and finding an imaginary trace of a forgotten hurt, she exclaimed reproachfully, "Yes, but look at me. I dot a sore finger!"

## United War Work

Below will be found a statement of the amount to be raised by the different communities and corporations in Letcher County for the United War Work Fund, as worked out by the committee in charge of the campaign in the county.

This is a part of the great fund of \$170,500,000 being raised by the gifts of the people of the United States this week to care for the recreational, physical and moral welfare of our millions of soldiers in Europe and America. It is a joint campaign of the Y. M. C. A. and six other organizations engaged in this work with the soldiers. This work goes right along with the work of the Red Cross on the battlefield—it ministers to well soldiers, trying to keep them in good shape, and to doing the

things which will make them better and stronger.

Now that the active fighting seems to be over, it is all the more important that the proper kind of influence be thrown around the men who have to stay under arms for many months yet. If our millions of young men have gone to Europe to fight, and having fought the great war to a victory, must now stay there to insure the fruits of victory, when they would so much love to be home with us, can we not give a few dollars all around to make them a little happier, a little more cheerful and to throw better influences around them? The man who will not is a poor representative of a victorious country.

As this is written Whitesburg's quota is practically raised, but we ought to subscribe at least 50 per cent. over the amount.

### LETCHER COUNTY QUOTA DISTRIBUTION

PLACE	ADDRESS	AMOUNT	CHAIRMAN
Elkhorn By-Product Coal Co.	Fleming, Ky	\$74.29	J. W. Montgomery
The Consolidation Coal Co.	Jenkins, Ky	2476.32	E. L. Walters
Elkhorn Coal Corporation	Fleming, Ky	1238.16	T. L. Riley
Caudill Branch Coal Co.	David, Ky	92.86	H. H. Givin
Caudill Coal Co.	Whitesburg, Ky	61.90	F. S. Foster
Amburgy Coal Co.	Dalna, Ky	37.14	J. C. Morgan
Cumberland & Hazard Coal Co.	Ice, Ky	30.95	Andy Napper
Whitesburg Coal Co.	Whiteo, Ky	61.93	J. H. Hall
Mayking Coal Co.	Mayking, Ky	61.90	J. D. Nash
Whitley Elkhorn Coal Co.	Sergeant, Ky	92.86	G. C. Crisell
Elkhorn Collieries Co.	Thornton, Ky	123.81	A. B. Ewing
Elkhorn Coal Co.	Mater, Ky	123.81	W. H. Monutt
Elkhorn Superior Coal Co.	Fleming, Ky	39.95	J. W. Montgomery
Aerne By-Product Coal Co.	Fleming, Ky	74.28	B. F. Stambo
Rockhouse Coal Co.	Indian Bottom, Ky	123.81	H. H. Givin
Marion Coal Co.	Indian Bottom, Ky	74.29	G. P. Marion
Smoot Creek Coal Co.	Dalna, Ky	92.86	S. S. Pendleton
Blackey		123.81	L. Whitaker
Elkhorn Hazard Coal Co.		49.52	W. B. R. Craft
West Va. & Ky. Coal Co.		123.81	H. P. Jones
Elkhorn Jellico Coal Co.		30.95	M. K. Marlowe
Blackey Coal Co.	Indian Bottom, Ky	30.95	G. S. Clark
South-East Coal Co.	Seco, Ky	495.26	Ed. Howell
Powell Coal Co.		12.38	Chas. Powell
West Coal Co.		12.38	W. H. Draper
Whitesburg		557.10	F. G. Fields
Elkhorn Junior Coal Co.		18.75	P. W. Slemph

## Help Us Make Letcher County

## THE BEST In The Hills.

The Eagle has always labored to do this.



## Why Compare Beef and Coal Profits?

Swift & Company has frequently stated that its profit on beef averages only one-fourth of a cent a pound, and hence has practically no effect on the price.

Comparison has been made by the Federal Trade Commission of this profit with the profit on coal, and it has pointed out that anthracite coal operators are content with a profit of 25 cents a ton, whereas the beef profit of one-fourth of a cent a pound means a profit of \$5.00 a ton.

The comparison does not point out that anthracite coal at the seaboard is worth at wholesale about \$7.00 a ton, whereas a ton of beef of fair quality is worth about \$400.00 wholesale.

To carry the comparison further, the 25 cent profit on coal is 3 1/2 per cent of the \$7.00 value.

The \$5.00 profit on beef is only 1 1/4 per cent of the \$400.00 value.

The profit has little effect on price in either case, but has less effect on the price of beef than on the price of coal.

Coal may be stored in the open air indefinitely; beef must be kept in expensive coolers because it is highly perishable and must be refrigerated.

Coal is handled by the carload or ton; beef is delivered to retailers by the pound or hundred weight. Methods of handling are vastly different. Coal is handled in open cars; beef must be shipped in refrigerator cars at an even temperature.

Fairness to the public, fairness to Swift & Company, fairness to the packing industry, demands that these indisputable facts be considered. It is impossible to disprove Swift & Company's statement, that its profits on beef are so small as to have practically no effect on prices.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.



### Human Strength.

The strength of males increases rapidly from twelve to nineteen years, and at a rate similar to that of the weight, and more slowly and regularly up to thirty years, after which it declines at an increasing rate to the age of sixty years. The strength of females increases at a more uniform rate from nine to nineteen years, more slowly to thirty, after which it falls off in a manner similar to that of males. At eleven years females are weaker than males by 22 pounds, at twenty years of age by 38 pounds.

### Antiquity of the Safety Pin.

That the Egyptians were in constant communication with the other nations is shown by the fact that Egyptian scarabs and amulets, Phoenician pottery, Greek terra cotta figures are found in the tombs of different periods. Bronze daggers and jewelry are fairly common, and Woolley proudly showed me a safety pin, 3,000 years old, that would still work. Some stone-age pottery, with the very ancient emblems of thunder, or of the weather god, was found in its original kiln.—Christian Herald.

### When He Falls.

"As far as I can understand de question," said Uncle Eben, "an optimist is all right until he gets de idea that he kin git along by furnishin' de cheerfulness while somebody else does de work."—Washington Star.

### Chamberlain and Dragon.

Lady Jenne once asked Joseph Chamberlain why, in his opinion, so many men fall short of their ambition. And Mr. Chamberlain answered: "They come to the place where they turn back. They may have killed the dragon at the first bridge, and at the second perhaps even at the third; but the dragons are always more formidable the farther we go. Many turn back disheartened, and very few will meet the monsters to the end, but those who do have won forever."

### Kindness.

Every kind act, word, thought or impulse continues in its influence forever, brightening and sweetening the world, and every evil deed or thought permanently destroys a part of the sum total of human happiness.

### Our Heroes.

Man's great actions are performed in minor struggles. There are noble and mysterious triumphs which no eye sees, no renown rewards, and no flourish of trumpets salutes. Life, misfortune, isolation, abandonment, and poverty are battlefields which have their

### How to Meet Trouble.

Rise above small things, says a woman writer. The woman who lets small things worry her will be completely undone the first time she meets with a really big problem. It is disintegrating to your mental and nervous condition, not to mention your physical condition, to worry. You need not be resigned to fate nor slip your troubles off as the old friend duck's back throws water. But you can meet troubles with a will to conquer them or adjust them—and, after that, "they should worry," but not you.

### To Remove Oil Stains.

It has been found that oil stains on concrete floors may be removed by using a mixture of one pound of oxalic acid in three gallons of water, with enough wheat flour added to make a paste that can be applied with a brush. Allow the application to remain for two days, and then remove it with clean water and a scrubbing brush. A second application may be necessary in stubborn cases.

### The "Perfect Beauty."

It is a familiar axiom that there are no duplicates in nature. The physiologists claim that this is one of the causes for differences in the features of the same person—that nature never models two eyes or ears in an exactly identical way. But there are persons in whom the difference is so small that it practically does not exist. And nearly always this is a woman. Then we get what is called a "perfect beauty."—Exchange.

## THE WESTERN FRONT AT HOME

Earn and give. For \$100,000,000 people of America have been organized in the art of giving. "If Mary's mother gave her three apples, Jane gave her two, and she ate one, how many would she have?" the third grade girl is now sent to the blackboard to solve. "How many Thrift stamps at 25 cents apiece will Mary own at the end of 12 months if she saves 10 cents a week?"

The girl in the grade above her is learning in her arithmetic lesson how many Thrift stamps it takes to buy the yarn for 500 helmets for the soldiers in France. Still farther on the eighth grade is told to figure in terms of War Savings stamps how much it costs to supply a regiment of Uncle Sam's men with shelter tents.

And now the Earn and Give club of the younger girls of the Young Women's Christian association is organized to turn those Thrift lessons into giving. The children of America have been turning in pennies and nickels and putting a green stamp on their Thrift card. The Earn and Give club can now use some of those cards and War Savings stamps in their campaign among the younger people for the united war fund.

This fall when the war council of the Y. W. C. A. made plans for the 1918 war drive, it included in its program the rule that no young girls under eighteen can do any soliciting on the streets or otherwise. They can give, but they can only give by earning. Consequently in order to coordinate the efforts of the girls in all the districts over the country, the Earn and Give club is enrolling members and has given out an estimate of \$5 apiece to be earned for the war fund campaign by the American girls who still count their age in teens. Five dollars apiece from the younger girls of the country will mean that the nation as a whole will fill its charitable organizations' war chest.

Some high school girl in New York city is going to earn her \$5 by shining her own shoes instead of stopping at the Greek stand on her way to school and by making her own sandwiches for her noon lunch. Out in Iowa the girl who has been spending 15 cents plus war tax for a movie three nights a week is going to draw a line through the movie habit except when there is an especially good bill. More than one girl plans to clean all her own gloves this winter and to salvage all the paper and collections of junk about the house which should be sold to the junk man to be worked over into some productive industry. The girls in their teens are going to earn instead of ask others for the money. They are to sacrifice and give in their own names and older women will make the public requests for money elsewhere.

Many of the girls who are waiting to join the Earn and Give club are already Patriotic Leaguers, and they have learned several practical lessons in the thrift that will make them effective members of the new club by their conservation of fruits and vegetables. They have canned and pickled. Now when the end of summer brings the beginning of school they will change their thrift into winter thrift and begin saving their \$5 for the Y. W. C. A. war fund.

"Wherever You Are Is the Western Front" is the slogan which the Earn and Give club has adopted. Anna, one of the thirteen-year-old daughters of New York's East side, who was one of the first and youngest members to join the campaign at a New York settlement house, had to have it explained to her that instead of western front meaning fight and fight meaning fists, the western front means work and work means save in order to give.

The girl who joins the Earn and Give club will discover that in conjunction with her working and saving in order that her club will furnish its quota of the money that is going to help the girls like herself in France and Belgium, she will also find numerous ways in the community to help the war that she had never dreamed of. She will see that all the fruit pits and stones that can be saved from her own dining table and from those of her neighbors, are dropped into the little red barrel at the corner, in order that the carbon which the seeds contain can be used in making charcoal for the American soldiers' gas masks. She will save all the tin foil that she sees for the Red Cross. She will help collect clothing for the French and Belgian orphans and perhaps send them some of her own.

School girls in India, children from squalid, dingy homes, with absolutely no spending money, gave last year to Belgian and Armenian relief when they themselves were not getting enough to eat. They gave up their meat once a week for the Belgians, though they only had it twice a week themselves, and for the Armenians they set aside the handful of fresh grain that otherwise each girl would have ground in her own little stone mill. Both contributions, from all the girls in one missionary's school, amounted only to \$5 a month. "But it was a tremendous sacrifice," their teacher writes, "although a joyous one. It actually meant less bread each day, and once a week a meal of dry bread and water. This was done by 80 girls from the meanest homes in the world—children between the ages of five and fifteen."

Four hundred thousand girls in 47 states have become Patriotic Leaguers since America declared war. If as many school girls and working girls from all classes pledge to earn and give, the united war fund campaigners will have \$2,000,000 of their \$170,500,000.

## A BIT OF HOME WITHIN THE CAMP

Lucia pulled her shawl farther across her face and shrank down on the station platform bench as the solid blue figure suddenly bent down over her. Excitedly she shook her head in answer to the question that she could not understand. She searched through her red plaid waist for the paper that Tony had folded into a little square and given to her. The writing on it, in the English that Tony knew and she did not, told the house where she lived. Tony had explained it all to her that morning. He had told it to her again at the station. Then, waving his hat, he had disappeared into the train with the rest of the men, and Lucia had been left standing outside the gate. There were crowds of women pushing all about her. They were weeping. So Lucia wept, too.

Lucia had been betrothed to Tony in the old country. Five years before, with a long ticket for New York tucked into his inside pocket, her lover had left her. He wrote in every letter that he had made her a home in the new country. Her dowry money had finally provided her own transportation, and for two months Tony and she had been married. Then he had drawn a ticket with a number on it, and this morning he had gone off to war.

To the policeman Lucia told all these things in rapid Italian. But the policeman only talked back to her as rapidly in a language that was not Italian. She followed him dumbly to headquarters. An hour later a woman wearing American clothes gently began talking to her in beautiful Italian.

Italian Lucia was only one of thousands of foreign-born women, Syrians, Italians, Armenians, Russians, Lithuanians, Polish, who when the draft called their men folk to the American colors, asked in helpless confusion what it was all about. When would their men be back? What did people mean when they told them they would receive money through the mail? Where could they find work that they knew how to do? Was there no one who could explain it all to them in their own language?

The Y. W. C. A. was ready to offer assistance, but it would be of no value to offer it in English. Consequently it had to supply a corps of women who could talk to the foreign-born woman at her own door in the language that she was used to hearing in the home-land. To teach her English was as essential a factor in her Americanization as to find her a job. Therefore the war council of the Y. W. C. A. set out to find her English.

A year before the war began in Europe, the leaders of the Young Women's Christian association foresaw just such a situation, and made ready to meet it. They studied the needs of the immigrant. They trained skilled American social workers to become familiar with the home habits and to speak the language of the Lett and the Hungarian and the Greek and the other foreign mothers who brought babies and bundles over from Ellis Island to Battery park.

The organization into which this experiment has developed was named by the Y. W. C. A. national board, "The International Institute for Young Women." In terms which these women can understand, it is teaching the foreign-born how to sew and cook and care for the baby.

To girls like Italian Lucia, who confusedly lingered on the station platform when the draft trains pulled out, the Y. W. C. A. is giving direct assistance. Educated European women, appointed to the regular staff of workers at the camp Y. W. C. A. Hostess Houses are able to talk to the drafted men in their own language, assist them in writing letters home, and in arranging furloughs and little visits to the camp.

"The Home Information Service for Foreign Families of Enlisted Men" is doing practical relief work for the wives and mothers. The purpose of the board is to help the women folk left behind to understand where their boys are and how they are being treated; how they need home support and cheer; how to send them comforts, and to keep pace themselves by learning English and other things, so that when the boys come home they will not find their women still very un-American and out of sympathy with them.

Food conservation bulletins have been translated into 18 or 19 languages. At the factories and munition plants interpreters are available for the non-English speaking women by whom the real war industries of the country are being largely carried on. In 25 important cities International Institute Bureaus are training American and foreign women for full time social service work with foreigners. Twenty-four trained women are employed on the national and district field staff of the Y. W. C. A. On June 15 there were 105 trained women working at Americanization.

When more than 75,000 Chicago men filled out their blue cards for the September 12 draft, Gang Luo Wong appeared at one precinct bringing with him Mrs. Gang Wong and the three children. All five wished to register. The enrolling clerk explained, but the Gang Luo Wongs make many broken Chinese remonstrances before the master of the family was induced to sign a card without his wife. Mrs. Wong could not speak English. What would his family do in a strange country if Gang Luo went to war? All over the United States Chinese and Poles and Serbs were asking the same question. It is to just such needs that the War Council of the Y. W. C. A. is organized to give assistance.

In addition to the hostess house work in this country the Y. W. C. A. has established the famous Hotel Petrograd in Paris as a center for transient women war workers overseas. There are also many foyers or recreation centers in France where girl munition workers, signal corps girls and others are refreshed and brightened by association with the play leaders of the Y. W. C. A. who have introduced American gymnasium classes into French life.

## THE BLUE TRIANGLE ON BABEL'S TOWER

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## A WALLED CITY OF WOMEN

A little sunny village, built up in the last year, its square flat houses stand in straight even rows and along one side of the city wall is a long dormitory for single women. There are many more of them than of the families in the drab little houses. The village is full of women—old, young, middle-aged—whose faces, hands and hair slowly are turning yellow from the powder which it is said will eventually affect their lungs. But most of them are refugees and the fact that they are giving up their good looks, their health, and perhaps their lives in the munition factory, is of little moment to them. They have come into the walled town from ruined villages and devastated farms with their frightened little children, their despairing old people, carrying all their earthly possessions in tiny bundles. In their individual lives there is no future; in all their world there is no interest but the conquest of the Hun.

No one comes into this little war community that centers around the big new munitions plant but those who work. Because of the danger and the blighting yellow powder, the work is highly paid and all the workers are volunteers.

The women wear overalls or apron dresses, some of black sateen, some nondescript. The dull garb harmonizes with the yellowing faces and despairing eyes.

Into this modern walled city of despair the Blue Triangle has flashed the first message of hope. The Y. W. C. A. foyer is the only recreational center within reach. The cars which find cafes at the end of the line a mile away, stop running at seven o'clock to save fuel. The city is three miles from the factory.

"My problem," writes the Y. W. C. A. secretary in charge, "is to keep the women occupied in the evenings, to give them good healthy amusement so that they will forget their sorrows and go to bed and sleep, physically tired out from playing."

She goes on to tell of some of the women and girls who come to the foyer:

"There is a pretty little round, rosy-cheeked girl here who is just beginning to show the effects of the powder. The roots of her hair and her forehead are a pale yellow. The palms of her hands are a deep burnt orange and her hands and arms a bright yellow."

"There is an ex-professional dancer, an interesting girl who enjoys the foyer and helps entertain the other girls. There is a professional pianist who does her bit at the noon and evening hours. There is one rough-and-ready girl who speaks English, whose father was an innkeeper in northern France. There is a pretty little girl who is engaged to a French soldier who still is rejoicing over the five minutes she had with him recently during an air raid. His mother is the caretaker here and he is one of six sons in the war. Two of them are German military prisoners, two are civil prisoners in Germany and two are soldiers in the trenches. Her home in the north of France was destroyed and she escaped with a small bundle of such things as she could carry in her hands."

"There is a sweet-faced girl who was a lace-maker in Valenciennes, who came direct to us from the German-ruled section after a hard experience in getting away."

These are the women the Blue Triangle is helping to forget—perhaps only for an hour at a time—the horrors that have blackened their hearthstones and darkened the world.

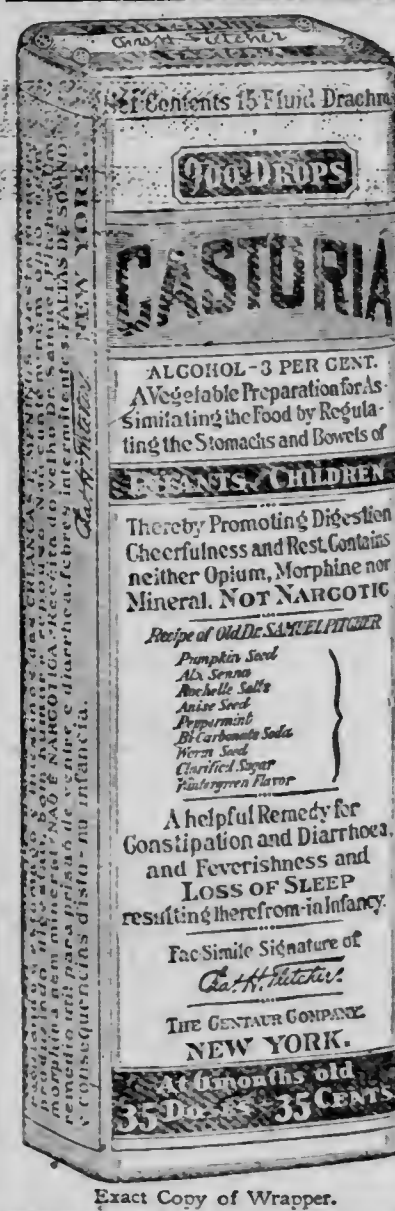
"My foyer," the secretary writes, "consists of a hall and two large rooms with cement floors. One has a writing table and paper, pens and ink, sewing machines, a cupboard with tea-cups in it, a large table with papers and magazines, easy chairs and my desk. The other room has a piano, more tables, chairs, ironing boards and a Victrola. There are unframed French pictures and American and French war posters around the room. The walls are painted gray and white."

Saturday evenings they sing and dance. "First they have a chorus," writes the secretary, "such as 'Le Reve l'asse' or the 'Hymne des Aviateurs' or something equally thrilling, and at the final notes of triumph a voice at my ears begs, 'Un polka, meses.' The polka finished, there is a call for the 'Hymne Americain' and we sing the 'Star-Spangled Banner' (Le Drapeau Etoile) in two languages."

These foyers have been established in several munition centers in France. Each one has a cafeteria, a recreation hall and rooms fitted up as rest rooms, writing and sewing rooms. At night these rooms are filled with French girls learning English, book-keeping or stenography, that they may work in the offices of the American Expeditionary Forces. In connection with each is a large recreation field or park.

At the request of the French ministry of war the Young Women's Christian association has opened club-rooms for the sixteen thousand French women employed in the offices of the war department.

So successful has been the foyer work in France that a call has come from England to the American Y. W. C. A. to bring its Blue Triangle huts and foyers across the channel. The English Y. W. C. A. has established centers for munition workers on a smaller scale, but after inspection of the American work in France the four English representatives to the Allies' Women's congress in Paris in August, officially requested that the American Y. W. C. A. undertake similar work in England.



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